LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-sixth Legislature

First Regular Session - 2021

\_\_\_\_\_\_

This bill draft contains confidential and privileged information exempt from disclosure under Section 74-109(1), Idaho Code. If you have received this message by mistake, please notify us immediately by replying to this message or telephoning the Legislative Services Office at (208) 334-2475.

1 AN ACT

RELATING TO OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING REFORM; AMENDING SECTION 67-9403, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM; AND AMENDING CHAPTER 94, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 67-9408, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR INDIVIDUALS TO WORK IN APPRENTICESHIPS WHILE FULFILLING LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 67-9403, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-9403. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:
- (1) "Apprenticeship" means an on-the-job learning program in an occupation that:
  - (a) Involves skills that are customarily learned in a practical way through a structured, systematic program of on-the-job supervised learning;
  - (b) Requires skills that are clearly identified and commonly recognized throughout an industry;
  - (c) Involve the progressive attainment of manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge in accordance with the industry standard for on-the-job learning, including time-based or competency-based standards, or a combination of approaches;
  - (d) Requires related instruction to supplement the on-the-job learning; and
  - (e) Results in a nationally-recognized or industry-recognized credential.
- (2) "Honorable conditions" means an honorable discharge or a general discharge "under honorable conditions."
- (23) "Licensing authority" means any agency, bureau, commission, department, division, or professional or occupational licensing board charged with granting, suspending, or revoking the license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization of any person to practice a profession or occupation, including but not limited to the professional and occupational licensing boards within the department of self-governing agencies.
- (34) "Licensure" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization of any person to practice a profession or occupation.
- (45) "Military" means the armed forces or reserves of the United States, including the army, navy, marine corps, coast guard, air force, and the reserve components thereof, the national guard of any state, the military reserves of any state, or the naval militia of any state.
- (56) "Veteran" means any person who has been discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces under honorable conditions provided the

person has served on active duty for a minimum of one hundred eighty (180)
consecutive days.

SECTION 2. That Chapter 94, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 67-9408, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

67-9408. TREATMENT OF APPRENTICESHIPS FOR LICENSING PURPOSES. (1) A licensing authority shall grant a license to any applicant who has:

- (a) Completed an apprenticeship in the licensed occupation;
- (b) Passed the relevant examination, if required by the licensing authority; and
- (c) Paid any applicable fees.
- (2) A licensing authority shall use the same passing score for examinations of applicants under this chapter that are used for applicants under the standard licensing processes. If the relevant licensing authority or statute does not require an examination for the standard licensing process, no examination can be required for applicants who obtain licensure through an apprenticeship.
- (3) A licensing authority shall use the same licensing fee for applicants under this chapter that are used for applicants under the standard licensing processes. If the relevant licensing authority does not require a fee for the standard licensing process for an occupation, no fee can be required for applicants who obtain licensure through an apprenticeship.
- (4) A licensing authority shall not establish increased education or training requirements, including increased hour requirements, for applicants under this section.
- (5) Licensing authorities may work with the relevant agencies, such as the state department of education, workforce development council and career technical education division to ensure that apprenticeship opportunities are made available to secondary and post-secondary students.